

About me...

- Better part of 2 decades in cybersecurity and data protection
- Started career in operational IT back in the 90s networks and datacenters
 - Was often the guy "Security" got dropped on in those days
- A "builder" by core motivation and always in search of "why"
- Alumnus of some great organizations I helped build the offerings for:









Not here to sell you something – here to talk about why evidence is crucial

The Balancing Act



- Build a strong, mature security program across our people, processes, and technology
- I. Where do we focus our attention?
- II. Are the investments we make worth it?
- III. Do we offload our risk to cyber insurance?

FUNDAMENTAL CHALLENGE





WE ASSUME:

Technologies work as vendors claim



WE ASSUME:

Products are deployed and configured correctly



WE ASSUME:

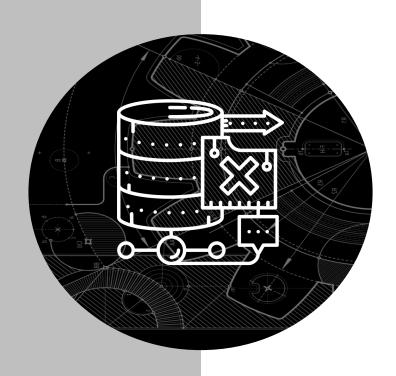
People are correctly handling events and processes



WE ASSUME:

Changes to the environment are properly understood, and communicated

WHAT IS SECURITY INSTRUMENTATION?



Security Instrumentation is a method that provides organizations with the evidence needed to measure, manage, improve, and communicate their cybersecurity effectiveness.

CYBERSECURITY'S GOAL: PROTECT CRITICAL ASSETS

Across all verticals, businesses rely on **business continuity and critical assets** to gain competitive advantage, drive revenue, protect shareholder value, and deliver services. As a result, many have made significant investments to protect these assets.



Demand for EVIDENCE OF EFFECTIVENESS

SHIFTING SECURITY TO A MEASURABLE INVESTMENT

Executives rely on evidence to drive decision-making, optimize operations and ultimately improve their organizations over time. Security Instrumentation allows you to elevate cybersecurity to an evidence-based, data-driven business function.





CYBERSECURITY EFFECTIVENESS |





EFFECTIVENESS VALIDATION PROCESS (EVP)

Visibility

Prevention

Detection

Event Flow

Alerting

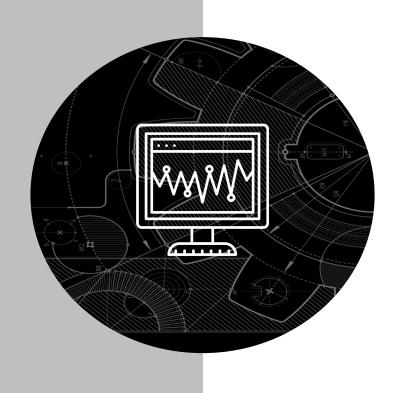
- Are tools seeing traffic between zones as expected?
- Are comm direction and port/protocols allowed expected?
- Inline vs. tapped / spanned expected?

- What tests are being blocked and by which technology?
- Which technologies are preventing the most?
- Are the company's expectations of what will be blocked inline with the results?

- What detection events are generated?
- What is generating high fidelity events vs. noise or false positives?
- Where am I detecting tests with high fidelity and can quickly reconfigure to blocking? **Optimization**

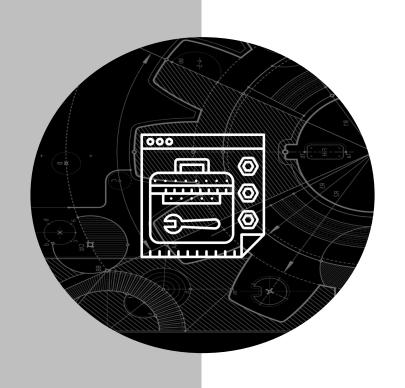
- Are the detection events going from Sensor > Mgmt. Console > SIEM?
- Are events being parsed correctly?
- Is all the anticipated data present?
- Are the timestamps correct?

- Are alerts firing?
- Where can context be increased to make the alert more actionable?
- Are high fidelity/priority detection events alerting?



Control Effectiveness / Configuration Assurance

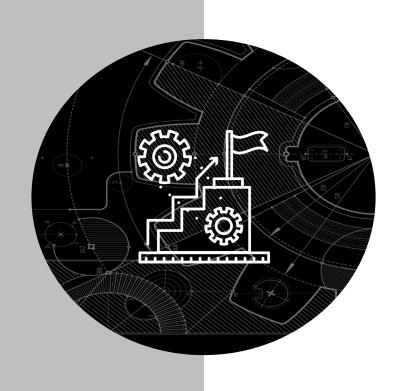
- Are our controls working the way we expect them to?
- Are they properly configured?
- Are they effective against the adversary's behaviors?



Security Tools

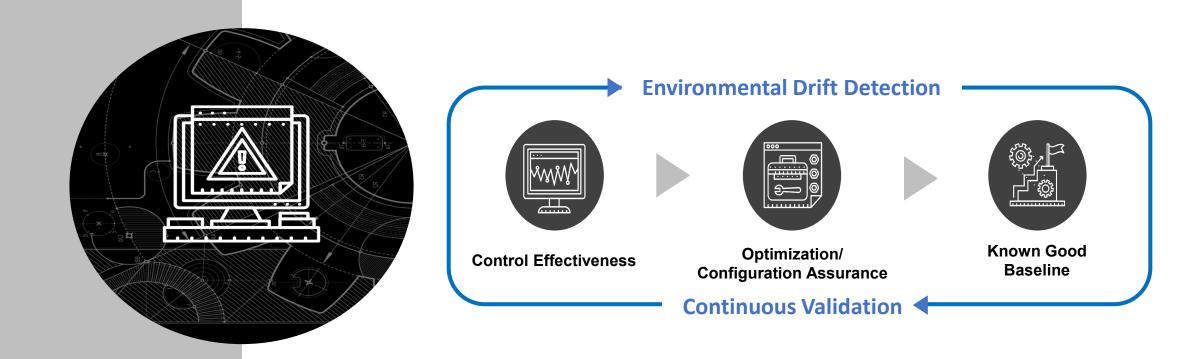
Optimization

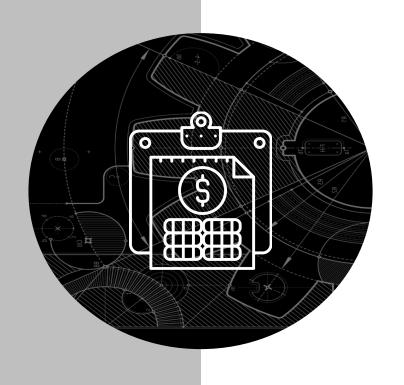
- Are we able to increase the efficiency of the dollars already spent?
- Are we using the full value of our existing tools?
- Are we maximizing ROI?



Known Good Baseline

- Demonstrate improvement over time
- Notifications of when changes occur both planned and unplanned – quantifying environmental drift

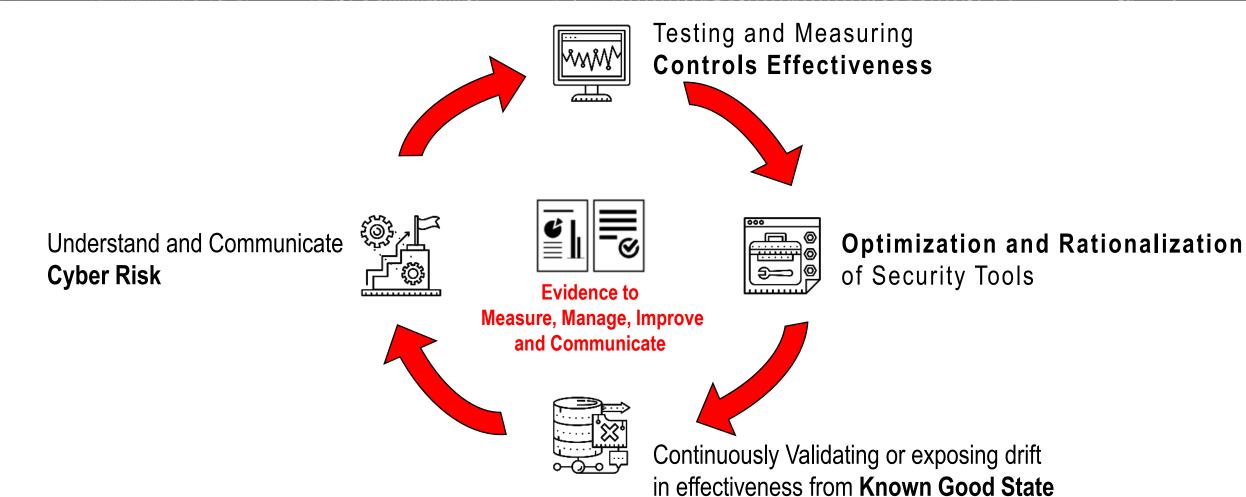




Security Tools Rationalization

- Where are overlaps and true gaps?
- Can tools be removed from the stack?
- Can we simplify the environment?

EVIDENCE CAN CONTINUOUSLY IMPROVE CYBERSECURITY



Thank you!!

